



Engraved map with contemporary manuscript number, guard affixed to left margin.

## THE FIRST PRINTED VIEW OF SANTIAGO, CAPE VERDE

**S. Iacob. Civitas S. Iacobi eo nomine quo insula vocatur, et commercium habet cum Guyneo et adiunctis regionibus Africae, unde merces in Lusitaniam devehunt. La citte de Saint Jacques ditte du nom de lisle traficque avec la ville de guinee et les pais voisins de la Affrique dou lontranspartes les marchandises en lombardie.**

### Author

[?BOAZIO, Giovanni Battista]

### Publication date

1588].

### Publisher

### Publication place

[Leiden,

### Physical description

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### Dimensions

246 by 329mm. (9.75 by 13 inches).

### Notes

The present view of Santiago in the Cape Verde Islands (together with views of San Augustine, Florida, Santo Domingo in the Dominican Republic and Cartagena in Columbia) were drawn, and probably engraved, by the Italian artist Baptista Boazio.

The Boazio views are “probably the most interesting and important published graphic work pertaining to Drake and his career” (Kraus). They are also the first representations of those four cities. Indeed, the view of San Augustine is the first known engraving of any locality in the present-day United States. Having famously circumnavigated the globe between 1577 and 1580, Sir Francis Drake voyaged to North and Central America in 1585, where he ransacked many of the towns shown in Boazio’s engravings. There is no evidence of Boazio’s participation in any voyage to the New World, but he must have obtained a version of these views from someone who had travelled across the Atlantic. In fact, Kraus believes that the plan’s sea creatures, at least, were taken from original drawings by John White, the Governor of the first English settlement in America, who along with the other surviving settlers returned to England from Roanoke Island with Drake’s expedition.

Two issues of these views were printed in Leiden in 1588, both extremely rare: a large paper issue (16.5 by 22 inches), printed to illustrate Walter Bigges and Master Croftes’, ‘A Summarie and true discourse of Sir Francis Drake’s West Indian Voyage’, published in London in 1589, and the present smaller size (7.5 by 11.25 inches), which has captions in Latin and French, a numerical instead of alphabetical key, and was probably printed to illustrate the Latin and French translations of the same work, published in Leiden in 1588. While the pictures are broadly similar, the present examples show greater detail, whilst the larger ones include more sea monsters and other embellishments.

Priority regarding the date of publication between the two issues has not yet been established with certainty, but there are indications that the present, smaller issue came first: “A close comparison of details, however, suggests that the smaller engravings come from an earlier set of drawings and that the larger maps represent revisions as well as embellishments, probably done by the same artist” (Mary Frear Keeler).

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### **Bibliography**

Keeler, ‘Sir Francis Drake’s West Indian Voyage, 1585-86’ (1981, Ashgate Publishing); Kraus, ‘Sir Francis Drake’ (1970, N. Israel)

### **Provenance**

### **Price:**

**Inventory reference:** 15989