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AN ALBUM OF ENGRAVINGS FROM THE MOST FAMOUS NATURAL HISTORY ARTISTS OF THE LATE SIXTEENTH AND EARLY SEVENTEENTH CENTURIES, COLLECTED AND BOUND FOR AN ENGLISH PATRON

[Untitled album of Natural History engravings].

Author

WOUTNEEL, Hans; Crispin de PASSE, the elder and younger; and VISSCHER, Claez Jansz, after Jacob and Joris HOEFNAGEL, Assuerus van LONDERSEEL, Nicolaes de BRUYN, and Adrian COLLAERT

Publication date

[1594-1635].

Publisher

Publication place

Amsterdam,

Physical description

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heightened in silver, two plates torn with slight loss to image and with early repairs, six plates with slight worming to margins, and three plates trimmed to neatline and laid down on old paper, front free endpaper with later ownership inscription; mid-seventeenth century English red morocco, elaborately gilt, silver clasps and catches.

Dimensions

Notes

A magnificent album of natural history engravings, collected and bound for an English patron, containing two complete suites of plates: Hoefnagel's 'Diversæ insectarum volatiliū'; and Woutneel's 'Cognoscite lilia agri quomodo crescent', often bound as the fifth part, 'Alterā Pars', to the Crispin de Passes' 'Hortus Floridus' – the "most ambitious, if not the first, early effort to employ Continental resources to produce a set of [botanical] engravings designed for the English market" (Gerard); and nine near complete, or partial suites, including an early issue of tulip plates from the 'Hortus Floridus'.

All plates have been numbered consecutively in manuscript at the time of binding to a rudimentary scientific rubric: insects first, then aquatic animals, quadrupeds, birds, and botanicals last, but not least. As a result, some plates are bound with like subject rather than with their original publications.

The album represents the work of some of the most famous natural history artists of the late sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries. The majority are published by Claes Jansz Visscher (1587-1652), the most important publisher of prints and maps in Amsterdam of his day. Recorded as an engraver in Amsterdam as early as 1608, he built a distinctive inventory of prints after the designs of Flemish artists, which proved extremely popular and formed the basis of Visscher's early success as a publisher.

INSECTS

HOEFNAGEL, Jacob. *Diversæ insectarum volatiliū: icones ad vivum accuratissimè depictæ per celeberrimum pictorem D.I. Hoefnagel typisq. Mandatae a Nicolao Ioannis Visscher anno 1630*

Engraved title-page, complete with 15 numbered plates of insects, misbound including some upside-down, bound with plates 11 and 12 from 'Volatiliū varii generis effigies' after Nicolaes de Bruyn, all with contemporary hand-colour heightened in silver, consecutively numbered in an early hand 1-18.

North German insects, with the exception of the tarantula and scorpion. Engraved by Visscher after those by Jacob Hoefnagel, 1573-1632, court painter for Emperor Rudolph from 1607, son of Joris Hoefnagel, whose drawings of animals, flowers and insects he engraved and published as the 'Archetypa Studiaque Patris Georgii Hoefnagelii' (1592). He also engraved plates for Braun and Hogenburg's 'Civitates Orbis Terrarum' (1512 – 1617).

Ebert 798; Hagen I, 371f; Hollstein IX, 46, 1-16; Nissen 1955; Horn-Schenkl. 10473.

AQUATIC ANIMALS

BRUYN, Nicolaes de. *Libelius [sic] varia genera piscium compectens, pictoribus, sculptoribus etc mire utilis et necessaries Nicolaes de Bruyn inventor Claes Ianss. Visscher excudit.*

[interspersed with]:

COLLAERT, Adrian. Piscium vivae icones inventae ab Adrian Collardo et excusae a Nicolao Ioannis Visscher anno 1634

Engraved allegorical title-page for 'Libillus', 11 (of 12, without the sea-horse) plates of aquatic animals and sea-monsters; 19 (of 20) engraved plates of aquatic animals, numbered in an early hand 19-44, followed by the allegorical title-page for 'Piscium', numbered 45, all with contemporary hand-colour, all annotated in an early hand with common names in English.

An early state of the title-page for de Bruyn's 'Libellus' before correction. Nicolaes de Bruyn (1571-1656) is best known for his large engraved landscapes "after designs by artists such as Gillis van Coninxloo and David Vinckboons from around 1600... his pupil and brother-in-law [was] Jan van Londerseel" (Hollstein online)

A near complete suite of plates from a later edition of Collaert's famous work on fish, first published in about 1598, in which the original engravings included elaborate landscape backgrounds. For his version, Claes Visscher has incorporated his harpoon monogram into the dramatic title-page. Collaert (1560-1618) married engraver and publisher Philippe Galle.

WEYER, Gabriel. Monstra marina dat is verscheydon zee-monsters ge inventeert door Gabriel Weyer gedrukt by Claes Ianss. Visscher a.o 1634

Engraved allegorical title-page, 7 (of 12) plates of mermaids and mermen, all with contemporary hand-colour, numbered in an early hand 46, 48-54.

Berliner 'Ornamentstichkatalog' 4292 I; Nagler XXIV, S. 220, I

QUADRUPEDS

BOLSWERT, Boetius Adams, after Adrien BLOEMAERT. Natus Dei solius ad servitium, cinctis homo, per hund, creates imperat. Volentibus promissq.e; ut huic puessulo blande Leo Jouisq.e ales submittitur. ABloemaert invent: BA. Bolsuerd: sculp C Visscher excudebat 1632 G. Ryckius

[interspersed with]:

BRUYN, Nicolaes de. [Animalium quadrupedum varii generis effigies... Allerley viervuessiger thier eigentliche abbildung, den goltschmieden dienlich], 1594.

8 (of 14, without plates 1, 5 and 11, plates 12, 13, 14 bound below with 'Volatilium') engraved plates of pastoral scenes from 'Natus...'; 11 (of 12, bound without the title-page) engraved plates of animals from 'Animalium', all with contemporary hand-colour, numbered in an early hand 57-69, and 80-85, allegorical title-page for 'Natus' numbered 86, annotated with the common names in English.

The artistic Bolswert and Bloemaert families of Utrecht seem to have been very close, frequently working together. Bloemaert met a grisly death at the hands of one of his students in 1666.

'Animalium...' cf Hollstein 303-310; 'Natus...' cf Hollstein 406-419

BIRDS

BRUYN, Nicolaes de. Volatilium varii generis effigies, in tyronum, praecipue vero aurisaborum gratiam aeri incisa Claes Ianss. Visscher exu. NB.

[interspersed with]:

COLLAERT, Adrian. *Avium vivae icones*, Adriano Collardo inventore et excusum apud C Visscher anno 1625.

9 (of 13, without plate 13, and plates 11 and 12 bound with 'Diversæ insectarum volatiliū' above) engraved plates of birds from 'Volatiliū'; 12 (of 18, without plates 4, 9, 14, 15, 18, plate 1 [title-page] bound separately below) engraved plates of birds from 'Avium...'; plates 12, 13 and 14 from 'Natus...' (see above), all with contemporary hand-colour, numbered in an early hand 87-110, allegorical title-page for 'Volatiliū...' numbered "1" in the plate, in manuscript "iii" [ie 111], and with "Thretti" in the lower margin.

BOTANICAL

PASSE, Crispin van de, the elder and younger. [*Hortus Floridus*] [Utrecht, 1614]

12 engraved plates of tulips (numbered 32, 43-53), all with early hand-colour, numbered in an early hand 112-123, one ascribed to Willem de Pass in the plate.

An early issue, with no text on verso, and captions only in Latin, of a selection of tulip plates from "the most popular florilegium ever published" ('An Oak Spring Flora'). The work was first issued in a number of states between 1614 and 1617, and is often hailed as "the most important of early examples of botanical illustration" (Gerard). It was issued in four sections, one for each season, with text in Latin and subsequently a selection of vernacular languages.

'An Oak Spring Flora' 12

WOUTNEEL, Hans; and possibly Crispin van de, PASSE the elder. *Cognoscite lilia agri quomodo crescent, non laborant, neque nent: attamen dico vobis ne salomonem quidem in universa Gloria sua sic amic tum fuisse. ut unum ex his. Matthe: 6 Cap. Formulis Crispian Passaei et Joannis Waldnelij*, [1603-1608]

Allegorical title-page, 61 engraved plates, captions in Latin, French, English and Dutch, all with early hand-colour, numbered in manuscript 124-185, annotated throughout in two early hands with the months in which they flower, and their medicinal properties in the "first", "second" and "third degree", misbound.

The "most ambitious, if not the first, early effort to employ Continental resources to produce a set of [botanical] engravings designed for the English market" (Gerard). Complete, a suite of 61 plates depicting 120 plants, published as a separate work in its own right, but often issued as the fifth part of the de Passe's 'Hortus Floridus', when it appears with an additional letterpress title-page as the 'Alterā Pars'. An early issue, with no text on verso.

"Traditionally, the 'Alterā Pars' has been considered as an aesthetically inferior appendage to the 'Hortus Floridus' and has received little attention from historians of prints or botanical illustration. However, the presence on the title-page of the imprint of Hands Woutneel ("Joannis Waldelij"), an Antwerp native who was a bookseller and publisher in London from 1576 until his death sometime between 1603 and 1608, implies that the 'Alterā pars' had a significant English component. As such, it stands as an early example of Anglo-Continental print publishing collaboration.

Prior to publication of the 'Alterā Pars', the demand in England for botanical illustrations had been met primarily by relatively crude, highly schematic, collections of woodcuts, such as those in Jacques LeMoyne de Morgue's 'La Clef des Champs' (1586) and John Norton's publication of Gerard's 'Herball' (1597). The 'Alterā Pars', with its more naturalistic depictions of 120 plants, set a new standard and served as the primary source of botanical images for English engravers and publishers

from the late years of the reign of James I through the Restoration' (Gerard).

Hans Woutneel first appears in London on being admitted to the Stationers Company in 1579-80. Cartographer Abraham Ortelius mentions him frequently in his correspondence with his nephew Jacob Cole (Gerard), and Woutneel appears to have worked as Christopher Plantin's London agent.

de Belder 272; Gerard, 'Woutneel, de Passe and the Anglo-Netherlandish Print Trade', 1996; Hunt 199; Nissen, BBI 1494

Avium vivae icons, Adriano Collardo inventore et excusum apud C Visscher anno 1625

Engraved allegorical title-page numbered 186 (see above for plates).

[Untitled composite natural history]. Claes Janss Visscher excudibat A.o 1625

A suite of 12 numbered engraved plates of composite natural history subjects, all with early hand-colour, numbered in manuscript 187-198, 11 with the joint imprint of Assuerus van Londerseel and Claes Visscher.

In the style of Hoefnagel's 'Archetypa Studiaque', 1592, this is a very scarce suite of plates, with only one uncoloured set known, in the British Library.

Bibliography

Provenance

Provenance:

1. Annotated throughout in an early English hand.
2. Later ownership inscription to front free endpaper, 'Mr Francis Mackenzie Jeweller, Parliament Close, His Book, 1809'. Francis Mackenzie was a goldsmith and jeweler, working in Edinburgh at the beginning of the nineteenth century.

Price: £45000

Inventory reference: 16352