



First edition. Quarto (285 by 214mm). Engraved portrait frontispiece, engraved title, dedication leaf, errata leaf, list of plates, list of subscribers, 54 engraved maps and plates, some double-page or folding, including one duplicate Caspian tern, contemporary tree calf, full gilt spine, red label, yellow edges.

## THE FIRST OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF THE FIRST EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT IN AUSTRALIA

**The Voyage of Governor Phillip to Botany Bay; with an Account of the establishment of the Colonies of Port Jackson & Norfolk Island; compiled from Authentic Papers, which have been obtained from the several Departments to which are added, The Journals of Lieu'ts Shortland, Watts, Ball & Cap't Marshall; with an Account of their New Discoveries embelished with fifty five Copper Plates, The Maps and Charts taken from Actual Surveys, & the Plans & Views drawn on the Spot, by Capt. Hunter, Lieu'ts Shortland, Watts, Dawes, Bradley, Capt. Marshall, &c.**

### Author

PHILLIP, Arthur

### Publication date

1789.

### Publisher

Printed for John Stockdale, Piccadilly,

### Publication place

London,

### Physical description

First edition. Quarto (285 by 214mm). Engraved portrait frontispiece, engraved title, dedication leaf, errata leaf, list of plates, list of subscribers, 54 engraved maps and plates, some double-page or folding, including one duplicate Caspian tern, contemporary tree calf, full gilt spine, red label, yellow edges.

## **Dimensions**

## **Notes**

Compiled from the official reports of Governor Phillip this work was the first authentic and official account of the expedition to New South Wales and of the foundation of the colony. The work includes detailed descriptions of the birds and animals and of tentative explorations, as well as the earliest engraved view of the colony.

The mapmaker

Arthur Phillip (1738-1814), was Captain of the "First Fleet" to sail to Australia with the intention of founding a permanent settlement. He joined the Royal Navy as barely a teenager in 1751, and had already retired twice after an illustrious career, before being commissioned by Lord Sydney to be the first Governor of New South Wales in 1786. He arrived at Botany Bay in January of 1788 with a fleet of 11 ships, and about 750 convicts. Three days later, he founded the first convict settlement at Sydney Cove, in Port Jackson.

Phillip is generally regarded as "an enlightened leader for his time, who tried to reform, as well as discipline, his convict charges. He also sought to establish harmonious relations with the Eora people, the traditional owners of the land in the Sydney area. Local man Bennelong not only acted as an intermediary between Phillip and the Eora, but also seems to have enjoyed a genuine friendship with Phillip... The fledgling colony faced starvation as the lack of skilled farmers, spoilt seed, poor soils and unfamiliar climate saw the failure of the first crops. Phillip's humane insistence that convict and free should share alike the reduction of their meagre rations was not universally popular; nor were his gifts of land to deserving convicts. But both actions ensured the colony's survival and initiated an egalitarian spirit still prized in Australia today" (National Museum of Australia online).

## **Bibliography**

Literature: Ferguson, 'Australian Bibliography', 47; Hill, 'The Hill Collection of Pacific Voyages', 1347.

## **Provenance**

Provenance: 1. From 'Exploration and Discovery, 1576-1939, The Library of Franklin Brooke-Hitching, Part III, K-P', Sotheby's 19th March 2015, lot 1022.

**Price:** £7000

**Inventory reference:** 23355