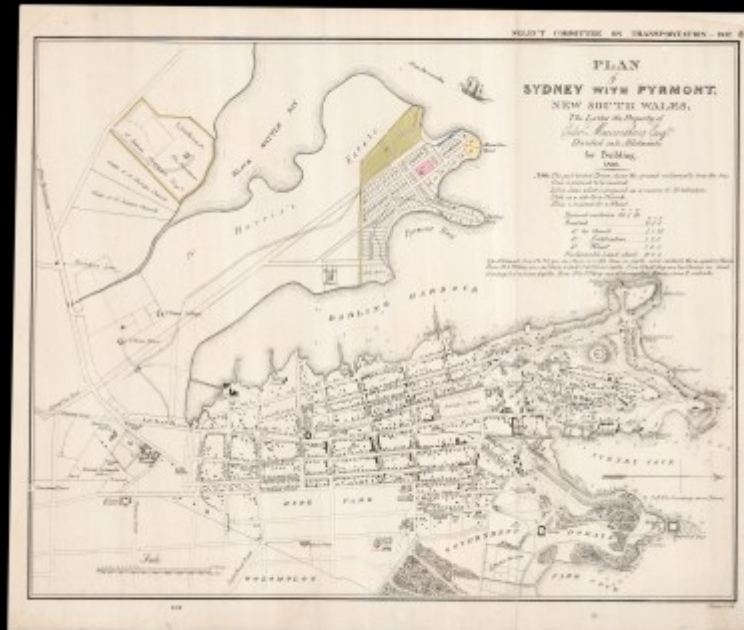




Lithographed map.

THE BEGINNINGS OF THE SUBURBANISATION OF SYDNEY

Plan of Sydney with Pyrmont, New South Wales: the latter the property of Edwn Macarthur Esqre, divided into allotments for building 1836.

Author

SELECT COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION; [Sir William MOLESWORTH]; and James BASIRE

Publication date

1837.

Publisher

Select Committee on Transportation,

Publication place

[Sydney],

Physical description

Lithographed map.

Dimensions

306 by 388mm (12 by 15.25 inches).

Notes

The Select Committee on Transportation - of convicts - was constituted in November 1837 under the leadership of Sir William Molesworth, and developed a report for the British House of Commons, 'Report from the Select Committee on transportation, together with the minutes of evidence' (1837) to which this map was appended as attachment 6.

The “subdivision of the early land grants into much smaller allotments, as shown in Pymont, indicated the beginnings of the suburbanisation of Sydney and the creation of the classic Victorian working class inner suburbs. The importance of this development can be gauged from its inclusion in this map. On the Pymont Peninsula, the extent of Dr. [John] Harris’s estate is shown as a result of early land grants and later acquisitions by the surgeon. Shown on the map is Harris’s home, “Ultimo House”, which gave Ultimo its name. The map evidences the lack of development on the north west side of Darling Harbour.

The map also shows the proposed plan to subdivide the Macarthur Estate, prepared by Edward Macarthur, son of John Macarthur, in the year of his father’s death (1837). The plan had 99 allotments for sale, with additional portions allocated for a church, harbour fortification and wharf. West of Harris Street an area of just over 13 acres was set aside for a reserve. The details, and colour coding, are indicated below the title on the map. The area that was to be tinted in brown is the land along Pymont Bay to the inshore line. The plan did not come to fruition, and the estate was sold in two lots in December 1839 and July 1840” (Brown).

The mapmaker

Born in 1704, Isaac Basire was a successful map engraver whose descendants followed in his footsteps by becoming prominent engravers in their own right. His son, grandson, and great-grandson, all conveniently named James, specialized in cartographical and topographical views; due to their shared name, overlapping periods of activity, and similarity in style, attribution of certain plates has proved difficult.

Bibliography

Literature: Clancy, ‘Maps that Shaped Australia’, 1.

Provenance

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